

ΟΡΙΑ ΜΕ ΧΡΗΣΗ ΤΟΥ ΤΥΠΟΥ  $x^v - 1 = (x-1)(x^{v-1} + x^{v-2} + \dots + x + 1)$

ΠΑΡΑΔΕΙΓΜΑΤΑ

1.

$$\text{Να βρεθεί το όριο } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x^2 + 3x + 1)^7 - 1}{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^4 - 1}$$

$$\text{Έχω: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ (x^2 + 3x + 1)^7 - 1 \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ (x^2 + 2x + 1)^4 - 1 \right] = 0$$

$$\frac{(x^2 + 3x + 1)^7 - 1}{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^4 - 1} = \frac{(x^2 + 3x + 1)^7 - 1}{\left( \underbrace{x^2 + 2 \cdot x \cdot 1 + 1^2}_{\alpha^2 + 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta + \beta^2 = (\alpha + \beta)^2} \right)^4 - 1} = \frac{(x^2 + 3x + 1)^7 - 1}{\left[ (x+1)^2 \right]^4 - 1} \stackrel{(a^m)^n = a^{mn}}{=} \frac{(x^2 + 3x + 1)^7 - 1}{(x+1)^8 - 1}$$

$$\stackrel{x^v - 1 = (x-1)(x^{v-1} + x^{v-2} + \dots + x + 1)}{=} \frac{\left[ (x^2 + 3x + 1) - 1 \right] \left[ (x^2 + 3x + 1)^6 + (x^2 + 3x + 1)^5 + \dots + (x^2 + 3x + 1) + 1 \right]}{\left[ (x+1) - 1 \right] \left[ (x+1)^7 + (x+1)^6 + \dots + (x+1) + 1 \right]}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{x} (x+3) \left[ (x^2 + 3x + 1)^6 + (x^2 + 3x + 1)^5 + \dots + (x^2 + 3x + 1) + 1 \right]}{\cancel{x} \left[ (x+1)^7 + (x+1)^6 + \dots + (x+1) + 1 \right]} =$$

$$= \frac{(x+3) \left[ (x^2 + 3x + 1)^6 + (x^2 + 3x + 1)^5 + \dots + (x^2 + 3x + 1) + 1 \right]}{(x+1)^7 + (x+1)^6 + \dots + (x+1) + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x^2 + 3x + 1)^7 - 1}{(x^2 + 3x + 1)^4 - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+3) \left[ (x^2 + 3x + 1)^6 + (x^2 + 3x + 1)^5 + \dots + (x^2 + 3x + 1) + 1 \right]}{(x+1)^7 + (x+1)^6 + \dots + (x+1) + 1}$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{7\text{-φορές}} \right)}{\underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{8\text{-φορές}}} = \frac{3 \cdot 7}{8} = \frac{21}{8}$$

2.

$$\text{Να βρεθεί το όριο } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x^3 - 7)^7 - 1}{\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3} - 1}$$

$$\text{Έχω: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left[ (x^3 - 7)^7 - 1 \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left( \sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3} - 1 \right) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(x^3 - 7)^7 - 1}{\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3} - 1} \stackrel{x^v - 1 = (x-1)(x^{v-1} + x^{v-2} + \dots + x + 1)}{=} \\
& \stackrel{\text{Πολλαπλασιάζω αριθμητή και παρονομαστή με την παράσταση:}}{=} \frac{(\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^3 + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^2 + \sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3} + 1}{\left[ (x^3 - 7) - 1 \right] \left[ (x^3 - 7)^6 + \dots + (x^3 - 7) + 1 \right] \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3}) + 1 \right]} \\
& = \frac{\left( \sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3} - 1 \right) \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^3 + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^2 + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3}) + 1 \right]}{(x^3 - 8) \left[ (x^3 - 7)^6 + \dots + (x^3 - 7) + 1 \right] \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3}) + 1 \right]} \\
& = \frac{\left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^5 - 1 \right]}{(x^3 - 2^3) \left[ (x^3 - 7)^6 + \dots + (x^3 - 7) + 1 \right] \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3}) + 1 \right]} \stackrel{\alpha^3 - \beta^3 = (\alpha - \beta)(\alpha^2 + \alpha\beta + \beta^2)}{\alpha^2 - \beta^2 = (\alpha - \beta)(\alpha + \beta)}{=} \\
& = \frac{(x^3 - 2^3) \left[ (x^3 - 7)^6 + \dots + (x^3 - 7) + 1 \right] \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3}) + 1 \right]}{x^2 - 2^2} \\
& = \frac{\cancel{(x-2)} (x^2 + 2x + 2^2) \left[ (x^3 - 7)^6 + \dots + (x^3 - 7) + 1 \right] \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3}) + 1 \right]}{\cancel{(x-2)} (x+2)} \\
& = \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 4) \left[ (x^3 - 7)^6 + \dots + (x^3 - 7) + 1 \right] \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3}) + 1 \right]}{x + 2} \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x^3 - 7)^7 - 1}{\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3} - 1} = \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x^2 + 2x + 4) \left[ (x^3 - 7)^6 + \dots + (x^3 - 7) + 1 \right] \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 3}) + 1 \right]}{x + 2} = \\
& \frac{(4 + 4 + 4) \left( \underbrace{1 + 1 + \dots + 1}_{7\text{-φορές}} \right) \left( \underbrace{1 + 1 + \dots + 1}_{5\text{-φορές}} \right)}{2 + 2} = \frac{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 7 \cdot 5}{2 \cdot 2} = 21 \cdot 5 = 105
\end{aligned}$$

3.

Να βρεθεί το όριο  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26} - 1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17} - 1}$

$$\text{Έχω: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left( \sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26} - 1 \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left( \sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17} - 1 \right) = 0$$

*Πολλαπλασιάζω αριθμητή και παρονομαστή με την παράσταση:*

$$\frac{\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26} - 1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17} - 1} = \frac{(\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26} - 1) \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26}) + 1 \right]}{(\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17} - 1) \left[ (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17})^3 + \dots + (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17}) + 1 \right]} = \frac{(\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26})^5 - 1}{(\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17})^4 - 1} = \frac{(\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26} - 1) \left[ (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17})^3 + \dots + (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17}) + 1 \right]}{\left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26}) + 1 \right]} = \frac{(x^3 - 27) \left[ (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17})^3 + \dots + (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17}) + 1 \right]}{(2x^2 - 18) \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26}) + 1 \right]} = \frac{(x^3 - 3^3) \left[ (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17})^3 + \dots + (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17}) + 1 \right]}{2(x^2 - 3^2) \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26}) + 1 \right]} = \frac{(x - 3)(x^2 + 3x + 3^2) \left[ (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17})^3 + \dots + (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17}) + 1 \right]}{2(x - 3)(x + 3) \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26}) + 1 \right]} = \frac{(x^2 + 3x + 9) \left[ (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17})^3 + \dots + (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17}) + 1 \right]}{2(x + 3) \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26}) + 1 \right]}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26} - 1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17} - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(x^2 + 3x + 9) \left[ (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17})^3 + \dots + (\sqrt[4]{2x^2 - 17}) + 1 \right]}{2(x + 3) \left[ (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26})^4 + \dots + (\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 26}) + 1 \right]} =$$

$$= \frac{(9+9+9) \left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{4\text{-φορές}} \right)}{2(3+3) \left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{5\text{-φορές}} \right)} = \frac{3 \cdot 9 \cdot 4}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} = \frac{9}{5}$$

4.

Να βρεθεί το όριο  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{v+\mu} + \mu x^v - x^\mu - \mu}{x^{\mu+v} + \nu x^\mu - x^v - \nu}$ ,  $\mu, \nu \in \mathbb{N}^*$

$$\text{Έχω: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (x^{v+\mu} + \mu x^v - x^\mu - \mu) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (x^{\mu+v} + \nu x^\mu - x^v - \nu) = 0$$

$$\frac{x^{v+\mu} + \mu x^v - x^\mu - \mu}{x^{\mu+v} + \nu x^\mu - x^v - \nu} = \frac{\underbrace{x^v \cdot x^\mu - x^\mu}_{\text{Βγάζω κοινό παράγοντα το } x^\mu} + \underbrace{\mu x^v - \mu}_{\text{Βγάζω κοινό παράγοντα το } \mu}}{\underbrace{x^\mu \cdot x^v - x^v}_{\text{Βγάζω κοινό παράγοντα το } x^v} + \underbrace{\nu x^\mu - \nu}_{\text{Βγάζω κοινό παράγοντα το } \nu}} = \frac{x^\mu (x^v - 1)x^\mu + \mu (x^v - 1)}{x^v (x^\mu - 1) + \nu (x^\mu - 1)} =$$

$$= \frac{(x^v - 1)(x^\mu + \mu)}{(x^\mu - 1)(x^v + \nu)} = \frac{\cancel{(x-1)}(x^{v-1} + x^{v-2} + \dots + x + 1)(x^\mu + \mu)}{\cancel{(x-1)}(x^{\mu-1} + x^{\mu-2} + \dots + x + 1)(x^v + \nu)} =$$

$$= \frac{(x^{v-1} + x^{v-2} + \dots + x + 1)(x^\mu + \mu)}{(x^{\mu-1} + x^{\mu-2} + \dots + x + 1)(x^v + \nu)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{v+\mu} + \mu x^v - x^\mu - \mu}{x^{\mu+v} + \nu x^\mu - x^v - \nu} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^{v-1} + x^{v-2} + \dots + x + 1)(x^\mu + \mu)}{(x^{\mu-1} + x^{\mu-2} + \dots + x + 1)(x^v + \nu)} =$$

$$\frac{\left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{v\text{-φορές}} \right) (1 + \mu)}{\left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{\mu\text{-φορές}} \right) (1 + \nu)} = \frac{\mu(1 + \mu)}{\nu(1 + \nu)}$$

5.

Να βρεθεί το όριο  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^{2v} + x^\mu - 1)^k - 1}{\sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^v - 1} - 1}$ ,  $\mu, \nu, k \in \mathbb{N}^*$

$$\text{Έχω: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[ (x^{2v} + x^\mu - 1)^k - 1 \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[ \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^v - 1} - 1 \right] = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^K - 1}{\sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} - 1} = \frac{(x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^K - 1}{\sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} - 1} \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1) + 1 \right] \\
& \text{Πολλαπλασιάζω αριθμητή και παρονομαστή με την παράσταση:} \\
& \frac{(x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^K - 1}{\sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} - 1} = \frac{(x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^K - 1}{\sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} - 1} \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1) + 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \dots + 1 \right] \\
& = \frac{\left[ (x^{2\nu} - 1) + (x^\mu - 1) \right] \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1) + 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \dots + 1 \right]}{\left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right) - 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^2 + \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right) + 1 \right]} \\
& = \frac{\left[ (x^{2\nu} - 1) + (x^\mu - 1) \right] \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1) + 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \dots + 1 \right]}{\left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^4 - 1} \\
& = \frac{\left[ (x-1)(x^{2\nu-1} + \dots + 1) + (x-1)(x^{\mu-1} + \dots + x + 1) \right]}{(x^{2\mu} - 1) + (x^\nu - 1)} \\
& \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1) + 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \dots + \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right) + 1 \right] = \\
& = \frac{(x-1) \left[ (x^{2\nu-1} + x^{2\nu-2} + \dots + x + 1) + (x^{\mu-1} + x^{\mu-2} + \dots + x + 1) \right]}{(x-1)(x^{2\mu-1} + x^{2\mu-2} + \dots + x + 1) + (x-1)(x^{\nu-1} + x^{\nu-2} + \dots + x + 1)} \\
& \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1) + 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \dots + \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right) + 1 \right] = \\
& = \frac{\cancel{(x-1)} \left[ (x^{2\nu-1} + x^{2\nu-2} + \dots + x + 1) + (x^{\mu-1} + x^{\mu-2} + \dots + x + 1) \right]}{\cancel{(x-1)} \left[ (x^{2\mu-1} + x^{2\mu-2} + \dots + x + 1) + (x^{\nu-1} + x^{\nu-2} + \dots + x + 1) \right]} \\
& \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1) + 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \dots + \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right) + 1 \right] = \\
& = \frac{\left[ (x^{2\nu-1} + \dots + x + 1) + (x^{\mu-1} + \dots + x + 1) \right] \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \dots + 1 \right]}{(x^{2\mu-1} + x^{2\mu-2} + \dots + x + 1) + (x^{\nu-1} + x^{\nu-2} + \dots + x + 1)} \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^K - 1}{\sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} - 1} = \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\left[ (x^{2\nu-1} + \dots + 1) + (x^{\mu-1} + \dots + 1) \right] \left[ (x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1)^{K-1} + \dots + 1 \right] \left[ \left( \sqrt[4]{x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1} \right)^3 + \dots + 1 \right]}{(x^{2\mu-1} + x^{2\mu-2} + \dots + 1) + (x^{\nu-1} + x^{\nu-2} + \dots + 1)} =
\end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\left[ \left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{2\nu-\text{φορές}} \right) + \left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{\mu-\text{φορές}} \right) \right] \left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{\kappa-\text{φορές}} \right) (1+1+1+1)}{\left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{2\mu-\text{φορές}} \right) + \left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{\nu-\text{φορές}} \right)} = \frac{4\kappa(2\nu+\mu)}{2\mu+\nu}$$

## ΑΣΚΗΣΕΙΣ

1.

$$\text{Να βρεθεί το όριο } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(5x^3 + 2x + 1)^8 - 1}{(3x^2 + 4x + 1)^5 - 1}$$

2.

$$\text{Να βρεθεί το όριο } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(x^3 - 26)^7 - 1}{\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 8} - 1}$$

3.

$$\text{Να βρεθεί το όριο } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[5]{2x^3 - 1} - 1}{\sqrt[4]{5x^2 - 4} - 1}$$

4.

$$\text{Να βρεθεί το όριο } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{\nu-\mu} + \mu x^\nu - x^{-\mu} - \mu}{x^{\mu-\nu} + \nu x^\mu - x^{-\nu} - \nu}, \mu, \nu \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

5.

$$\text{Να βρεθεί το όριο } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^{2\mu} + x^\nu - 1)^4 - 1}{\sqrt[4]{x^{2\nu} + x^\mu - 1} - 1}, \mu, \nu \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

6.

$$\text{Να βρεθεί το όριο } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^\nu + x^{\nu-1} + \dots + x^2 + x - \nu}{x - 1}, \nu \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

$$\text{Δίνεται: } 1 + 2 + \dots + \nu = \frac{\nu(\nu+1)}{2}$$

$$\text{Υπόδειξη: } x^\nu + x^{\nu-1} + \dots + x^2 + x - \nu \stackrel{\nu = \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{\nu-\text{φορές}}}{=} x^\nu + x^{\nu-1} + \dots + x^2 + x - \left( \underbrace{1+1+\dots+1}_{\nu-\text{φορές}} \right) =$$

$$(x^\nu - 1) + (x^{\nu-1} - 1) + \dots + (x^3 - 1) + (x^2 - 1) + (x - 1) =$$

$$(x-1)(x^{\nu-1} + \dots + 1) + (x-1)(x^{\nu-2} + \dots + 1) + \dots + (x-1)(x^2 + x + 1) + (x-1)(x+1) + (x-1) =$$

$$(x-1) \left( \underbrace{x^{\nu-1}}_{1-\text{φορά}} + \underbrace{x^{\nu-2} + x^{\nu-2}}_{2-\text{φορές}} + \dots + \underbrace{x^2 + \dots + x^2}_{(\nu-2)-\text{φορές}} + \underbrace{x + \dots + x}_{(\nu-1)-\text{φορές}} + \underbrace{1 + \dots + 1}_{\nu-\text{φορές}} \right) =$$

$$(x-1) [x^{\nu-1} + 2x^{\nu-2} + \dots + (\nu-2)x^2 + (\nu-1)x + \nu]$$